

Section 2

Corporate Governance

6. Corporate Governance Policy

The Board of Directors realizes that good corporate governance is essential as a foundation of the sustainable growth of the Company's business operations and is committed to developing it to enhance organizational management efficiency for the optimum benefit of the shareholders, the stakeholders, the society and the environment; in parallel with placing an importance on adhering to the running of its businesses to be in accordance with the Company's established business ethics with auditable, accurate, complete and transparent information disclosure. In addition, the Board of Directors has put in place the "Corporate Governance Policy" in alignment with "Corporate Governance Code : CG Codes, for listed companies 2017" of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission and reviews it at least once a year. The Company has disclosed the "Corporate Governance Policy" on its website : <https://www.jasmine.com/investor-relations/detail/5>

6.1 Overview of Policy and Guidelines of Corporate Governance

The Company continues complying with its Corporate Governance Policy that comprises 5 major sections, in conformity with the guideline of the CG Code of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as follows.

Section 1	Rights of Shareholders
Section 2	Equitable Treatment of Shareholders
Section 3	Roles of Stakeholders
Section 4	Disclosure of Information and Transparency
Section 5	Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

In 2022, Corporate Governance of the Company was evaluated through the following projects :-

1. The Project of "Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies 2022", by the Thai Institute of Directors; the Company achieved a score of 83%.
2. The Project of "Quality Assessment of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders" ("AGM Checklist"), by the Thai Investors Association, as assigned by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission ; the Company achieved a score of 94%.

6.1.1 Policy and Guideline Regarding the Board of Directors

Nomination and Appointment of the Directors

The Company has a Director Nomination Policy which stipulates the criteria, method and process for director recruitment and clearly specifies the qualifications of the candidates for directorship. To this regard, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for considering the appropriateness of the structures of the Board of Directors as well as the subcommittees of the Company and arranging for them to be filled with directors of diverse qualifications, be it in terms of education, experience, specialization, knowledge and skill, taking into account the alignment with the strategies in business operations of the Company and the specification of the director's professional skills and specializations that are deemed necessary and in need by the Company. The person selected by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee shall be nominated for the Board of Directors' consideration to appoint as a director in place of the director who has previously resigned. However, if that person is nominated to replace the director who is due to retire by rotation, the Board of Directors shall consider electing him/her and shall further propose to the shareholders' meeting to approve appointing him/her to the Company director position. (A company director who is due to retire by rotation is eligible to being re-elected to his/her office for another term.)

Term of Office of the Directors

According to the Company's Articles of Association, at every Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, one-third of the directors who have the longest terms in office shall retire. Nevertheless, provided that the number of the directors is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office. The retirement of the directors in the first and the second years after the listing of the Company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand is based on the method of lot-drawing. As for the later years, the directors who serve the longest terms shall retire. The Company's Articles of Association also prescribes that the retired directors are eligible for re-election. Furthermore, whether a director can continuously remain in office without break for the longest period will be determined by the Company by taking into account, his/her individual qualifications and appropriateness.

The Board of Directors has approved to embrace the number of the companies in which the directors have their positions as a significant criterion for director election. The Company has prescribed without any exemption that each director may hold the positions in no more than 5 other listed companies only. However, since the Directors of the Company have sufficiently devoted their time carrying out the Company's work with all their efforts, the holding of their positions in other listed companies does not affect their performances at all ; moreover, they regularly participate in the meetings and provide the Company with useful opinions.

The Board of Directors may appoint the Chief Executive Officer to the director position of any subsidiaries of the Company for benefit of the Company as a whole. However, such appointment must not affect the current duties and responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer.

Remuneration for Directors and Executives

Assigned by the Board of Directors, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee has a duty to determine the remuneration for the Board of Directors and every subcommittee of the Company, taking into consideration the remuneration paid by several companies of similar industry, current economic overview, the Company's business expansion and growth of profits, including the duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the subcommittees and propose to the Board of Directors' consideration to further propose the issue for the shareholders' meeting's approval, respectively.

The remuneration of the Board of Directors and the subcommittees of the Company comprises the remuneration paid according to the director positions, gratuities and other benefits which cover the right to reimburse the medical treatment expenses for inpatient department (IPD), outpatient department (OPD) and other medical expenses that arise from illness and the right to apply for sports club and hotel membership. The amounts of other benefits shall vary according to each director's preference and usage of the benefits.

Directors' Independence

The Company has clearly delineated the roles and responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the management. According to the organization structure, the management power is delegated to the employees of different levels so as to enable them to take part in the Company's operations and dexterously perform their duties. The scopes of authorities and financial approval for each management level are clearly explicated in writing.

Director Development

The Company arranges an orientation for a newly appointed director to introduce him/her the Company's nature of business operations. In addition, it always encourages and supports the directors to take courses that are related to their director roles so as to bring the newly acquired knowledge to continuously develop their work as directors. The Company's directors have appropriately taken the training courses and participated in the meetings and seminars. (Please see Enclosure 1 for the information on the Company's directors' participation in forums, seminars, and training courses.)

Performance Appraisal of the Board of Directors and the Subcommittees

The Board of Directors and all the subcommittees of the Company evaluate their own performances both as a party and an individual, using the assessment form, prepared based on the guideline of the Corporate Governance Center of the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Board of Directors also reviews the Company's business operation policies and improves the business plans on a regular basis to fix the weaknesses and increase the efficiency of the management system and the internal control system of JAS Group. The results of the performance evaluation of each subcommittee are reported to the Board of Directors' meeting to comply with the requirement of the Thai Institute of Directors Association (IOD) on Corporate Governance of the listed companies.

6.1.2 Policy and Practice Guideline Regarding the Shareholders and the Stakeholders

Shareholders' Meeting

The Company has managed to support and facilitate the shareholders for their exercise of the rights as follows:-

1. The Company held the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (the 2022 AGM) on 25 April 2022 at 10.00 a.m. and the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No.1/2022 (the EGM No.1/2022) on 23 September 2022 at 10.00 a.m. via electronic method (E-meeting), pursuant to the Emergency Decree on Electronic Meeting B.E. 2563 (2020) and other relevant laws and regulations.
2. In the years prior to the outbreak of the coronavirus 2019 (Covid-19), the Company held the shareholders' meetings at its headquarter that is located on the area adequately reachable by public transportation services.
3. The Company provided the shareholders with adequate time to study detailed information of the documents for the shareholders' meetings beforehand by posting the invitation letters to the 2022 AGM and the EGM No.1/2022 on its website (www.jasmine.com) 1 month prior to the meeting date. It also posted the Minutes of the 2022 AGM and the Minutes of the EGM No.1/2022 on the website 14 days after the date of the meeting.
4. The Company provided a chance for the shareholders to propose for the Company's consideration prior to the date of the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (the 2023 AGM), candidates for directorship, AGM agenda items and questions as they deemed appropriate, from 1 October 2022 to 31 December 2022. The result is during such period, none of the shareholders proposed for the Company's consideration the candidates for directorship, AGM agenda items or questions ahead of the date of the 2023 AGM date.
5. For the 2022 AGM, there were shareholders, specifying their intention to assign the Company's directors to attend the meeting and vote on their behalves. On the meeting date, 86 shareholders assigned the Company's Independent Directors, namely, Mr. Sudhitham Chirathivat, Dr. Vichit Yamboonruang, Dr. Ronnachit Mahattanapreut and Mrs. Chantra Purnariksha to attend the meeting and vote on their behalves. In addition, for the EGM No.1/2022, there were shareholders, specifying their intention to assign the Company's directors to attend the meeting and vote on their behalves. On the meeting date, 82 shareholders assigned the Company's Independent Directors, namely, Mr. Sudhitham Chirathivat, Dr. Vichit Yamboonruang, Dr. Ronnachit Mahattanapreut and Mrs. Chantra Purnariksha to attend the meeting and vote on their behalves

The Equitable Treatment of Shareholders

The Company has a policy to equitably treat all the shareholders, be they major shareholders, minor shareholders, institutional investors or foreign investors, particularly minor shareholders. To this regard, it has the following practice guidelines in place to preserve the rights and the equitability of the shareholders:-

1. In a shareholders' meeting, all the shareholders shall be equitably allowed to express their opinions and raise questions to the relevant Management who attend the meeting. Voting is in compliance with the following regulations:

- 1) In ordinary event, a shareholders' meeting shall require a majority vote of the shareholders present and eligible to vote. One share is entitled to one vote. In case of a tied vote, the Chairman of the shareholders' meeting shall have a casting vote.
 - 2) In the following events, a shareholders' meeting shall require a vote of no less than three-quarters (3/4) of all shareholders present and eligible to vote; one share is entitled to one vote. :
 - sale or transfer of the whole or substantial parts of the business of the Company to the third person;
 - purchase or acceptance of transfer of the business of other companies, either public limited company or private company;
 - entry into, amendment to or termination of any contracts with respect to the granting of lease of the whole or substantial parts of the Company's business, assignment of the management to the Company's business to a third person, or amalgamation of the business with any other entities for the purpose of profit and loss sharing.
2. The Company grants the shareholders the right to propose agenda items for Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (the "AGM") and qualified candidates for director position.
- The shareholders who have the right to propose matters to be included as agenda items in the AGM and to nominate a person whom they deem qualified as candidates for the Company's directorship must possess the following qualifications:
- 1) Being a shareholder of the Company, continuously holding a minimum of 5 percent of the total number of shares with the voting rights, either individually or collectively owned, for the period of at least 12 months consecutively, starting from the first date of shareholding to the proposing date of the AGM agenda items or qualified candidates for director position of the Company ; also, the holding of shares must continue to the Record Date for determining the names of the shareholders, entitled to attend the AGM each year;
 - 2) Possessing evidences of shareholding, such as copies of certificate of shares held, issued by securities company, or any other certificates from the Stock Exchange of Thailand or Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd.
 - 3) Procedures for Consideration AGM Agenda Item Proposal : The Corporate Secretary will initially screen the matters proposed by the shareholders and examine the accuracy and the completeness of the "Form for Agenda Item Proposal for the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders", including all the required supporting documents. He/she will also gather the documents/evidences, supporting the nomination of candidates for the Company's directorship. Then, all these documents will be proposed to the Board of Directors' for consideration. In case of approval, the Company shall include them as the AGM Agenda Items and remark in the Invitation Letter to the AGM that such particular items are "agendas proposed by the shareholders." Nevertheless, in case of denial, the Board of Directors shall explain its rationale to the shareholders at the AGM under an agenda for acknowledgment.

- 4) Procedures for Consideration Qualified Candidate for Director Position Proposal : The Remuneration and Nomination Committee shall screen the “Form for the Nomination of a Qualified Candidate for Directorship” and the “Form for the Resume of the Proposed Candidate for Directorship” prior to further submitting to the Board of Directors for consideration. In case that the Board of Directors deems it appropriate that the candidates nominated by the shareholders be proposed for the AGM to consider and elect to the director position, the Company shall notify the shareholders of the Board of Directors’ opinions in the Invitation Letter to the AGM and remarks that such candidates are proposed by the shareholders.
3. The Company grants the shareholders the right to elect a director as detailed below:-
- 1) Each shareholder shall have a number of votes equal to the number of shares held by him/her;
 - 2) Each shareholder may exercise all the votes he/she has under 1) to elect one or more directors, but any allotment of votes to any person is not allowed;
 - 3) The candidates who have the most votes shall be elected as directors equivalent to the number of directors required; if any subsequent candidates have equal votes, more than the number of required ones, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

Responsibility to the Stakeholders

The Company complies with the laws and other relevant regulations to ensure that all the rights of the stakeholders are well protected. In the event that damages occur to a stakeholder due to his/her rights being infringed by the Company, such cases shall be prosecuted. Whistle-blowing notice is allowed through www.jasmine.com/contact/whistle-blowing. However, in the previous year, no case of violation of the stakeholders’ right occurred nor did the conflict between the Company and the stakeholders.

In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries adhere to business operation with integrity, transparency and examinability under good corporate governance principles, and with utmost importance given to fighting corruption. Thus, the Company has prepared a written “Anti-Corruption Policy” as the best practice guideline for business operation, requiring that all the personnel of the Company acknowledge, understand and uphold it, accordingly. This policy was already approved by the resolution of the Board of Directors’ meeting. Moreover, the Board of Directors also approved the Company’s participation in the “Thai Private Sector Coalition against Corruption”.

As regards sustainability, the Company is committed to sustainable business operation based on environmental responsibility, recognizing and giving importance to minimizing environmental impacts from its business operation, either directly or indirectly to ensure preservation of environment for future generations. Its aim is to achieve Carbon Neutral by the year 2030 and Net Greenhouse Gas Emissions by the year 2050.

Disclosure and Transparency

The Company's disclosure of material information, be it financial information (such as Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which is a supplementary document of the Company's financial statements, disclosed quarterly to enable the shareholders to understand any changes that have occurred.) or non-financial information. Such disclosures are correct, complete, timely, transparent, and fair to all parties in conformity with the regulations stipulated by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Stock Exchange of Thailand. Additionally, the information already disclosed to the Stock Exchange of Thailand shall also be posted on the Company's website (www.jasmine.com) under the menu "Investor Relation/news to SET".

The Company fairly treated every group of investors, be it individual or institution, local or foreign by providing for analysts or interested investors a chance to directly have a meeting with the Company's executives as much as possible. The Company also disclosed the information on operational analysis in its Investor Bulletin, prepared quarterly and posted on the Company's website (www.jasmine.com) : Investor Relation/Investor Bulletin.

In addition, in 2022, the Company provided investors as well as analysts with information or clarification on its quarterly operating results and other issues via telephone.

Protection of Inside Information

The Company has informed its directors and executives, including their spouses and minor children to comply with the rules and the regulations of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Stock Exchange of Thailand by reporting the change in the holding of the shares of the Company to the Board of Directors or the person assigned by the Board of Directors to be responsible for securities trading at least 1 day prior to the trading of the shares. To this regard, it is required that the Company's directors, executives and the persons who are related to them as mentioned above notify the Company and report to the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, respectively the change in the proportion of their holding of the Company's shares in order to comply with Section 59 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 within 3 days following the date of trade or transfer. Also, it is prohibited that the directors, the executives and the relevant part of work units of the Company that are responsible for insider information disclose insider information known to them to an outsider or irrelevant person. Moreover, the directors and the executives of the Company are prohibited to trade the Company's securities for the period of 1 month prior to the disclosure of the financial statements. They are also required not to purchase or sell the Company's securities or future contracts with respect to the securities of the Company for the period of 24 hours after the disclosure of the information to the general public.

In order for the Company to be able to check the performance of the directors and the executives as well as to prevent them from seeking benefit from corporate insider information known to them, the number of JAS shares they hold is checked on a regular basis and their shareholding is reported at every Board of Directors' meeting along with the report on the interests of the directors and the executives. The Company has not established any additional regulation for the control of insider information usage other than those stipulated by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Report on Changes in JAS Shareholding of Directors and Executives as at 31 December 2022

Director's Name-Surname		31 December 2021	Changed Increase/ (Decrease)	31 December 2022
Director				
1.	Mr.Sudhitham Chirathivat*	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
2.	Dr.Vichit Yamboonruang	110,000	(110,000)	-
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
3.	Mrs.Chantra Purnariksha	-	-	-
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
4.	Dr.Ronnachit Mahattanapreut	-	-	-
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
5.	Mr.Subhoj Sunyabhisithkul	-	-	-
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
6.	Mr.Terasak Jerauswapong	5,585,080	-	5,585,080
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
7.	Mr.Pleumjai Sinarkorn	1,047,058	-	1,047,058
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
8.	Mr.Yordchai Asawathongchai*	-	-	-
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
9.	Mr.Somboon Patcharasopak	20,888,120	-	20,888,120
	Spouse and minor children	-	-	-
Executive				
1.	Mr.Sangdo Lee	500	-	500
	Spouse and minor children	302,500	-	302,500
2.	Ms.Saranya Amornrattanasuchad	N/A	N/A	40,000
3.	Mrs.Pindao Rojanakul	-	-	-
4.	Ms.Suchada Sestasittikul	-	-	-

Remarks * The Company registered his resignation with the Ministry of Commerce on 4 January 2023.

N/A = Not having information

In 2022, none of the directors, executives and employees of the Company (including their spouses and minor children) broke the discipline that causes damage to the Company by making use of the Company's inside information for seeking his/her own personal interests.

6.2 Business Ethics

The Company has put in place tight and malfeasance-preventive written policies and work manuals pertaining to disbursement, procurement, personnel management and general administration. It also has the Code of Business Ethics established as a vital working practice guideline for the Board of Directors, the executives and the employees at all levels to comply as follows:-

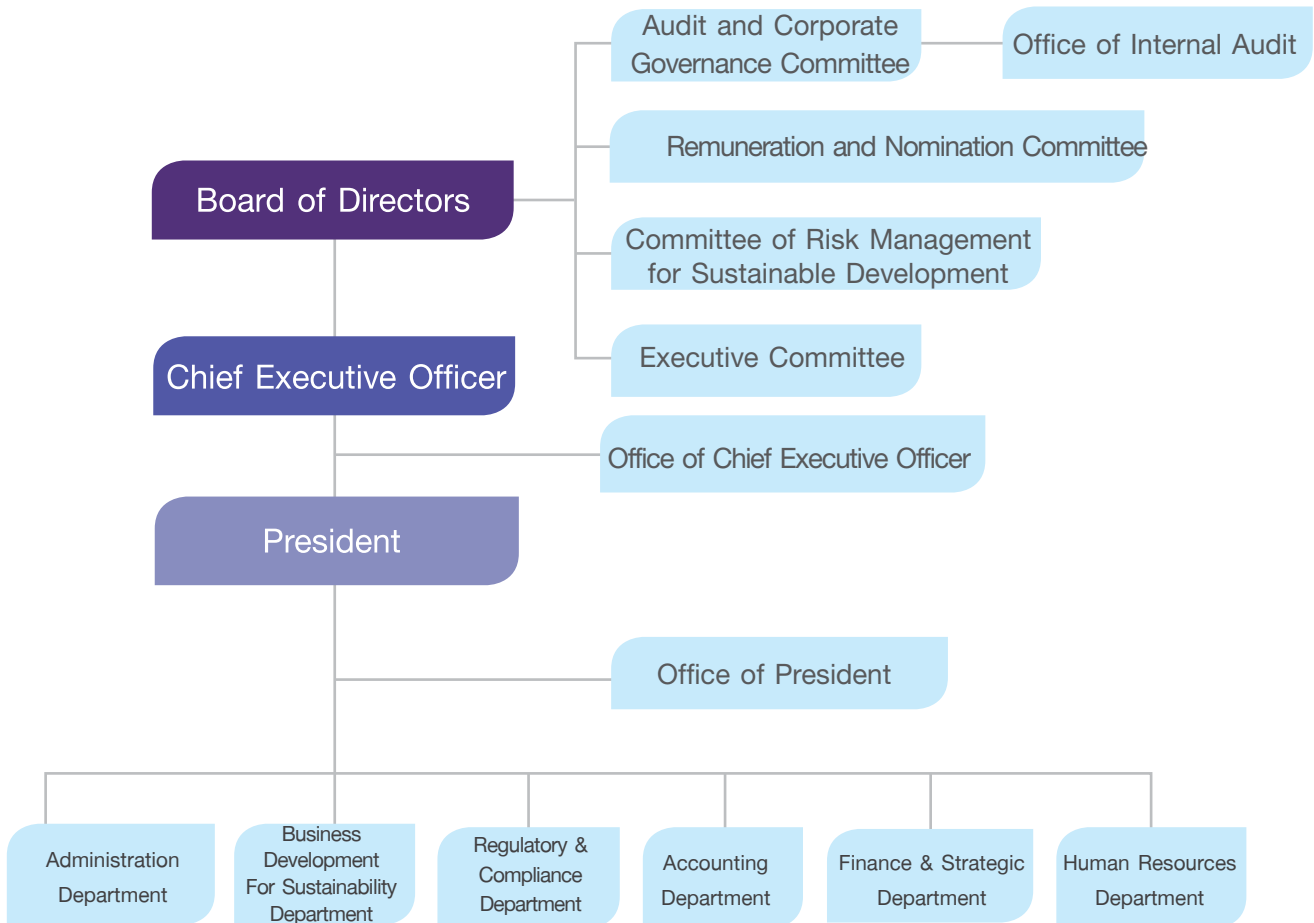
- 1) To adhere to righteousness and morals;
- 2) To be self-disciplined and aware of one's own duties; to respect one's own rights and others' ; and to realize that discipline upkeep is a kind of behavior improvement not punishment;
- 3) To honestly perform assigned duties in accordance with the policies that are in line with laws to keep the image of the Company unblemished;
- 4) To refrain from any deliberate intentions or actions that may directly or indirectly harm, destroy or erode other persons' reputation, progress or business;
- 5) To exercise leadership in mobilizing the employees' proficiency for the success of the organization not for personal interests;
- 6) Should there be any personal interests other than the ones granted by the Company, one is obliged to disclose the information thereof to the Company immediately; furthermore, one should not get involved in any other business activities that may lead to conflict of interests with the Company or that may deteriorate one's work efficiency;
- 7) To create working atmosphere that enhances opinion exchanges, creativity, innovative ideas, suggestions as well as sensible, righteous and impartial decision making;
- 8) Not to disclose confidential information acknowledged by authority according to one's position for own benefits; or not to use such information in such a way that may damage the Company's reputation;
- 9) To be always aware that, in conducting business operation; one does not have the responsibility only to the business owner, but also to the purchasers, suppliers, shareholders, customers and employees; thus, one has to take into account benefits for a common good of every party above as a key practice guideline of business execution;
- 10) To be responsible for the performances of oneself and subordinates;
- 11) To seek, improve and increase one's personal proficiency as well as to perform one's duties with knowledge and capabilities to achieve the standards as required by one's position with care and accountability for one's own and the Company's progress;
- 12) To devise plans as well as to determine objectives and to analyze performance goals of one's own to achieve the goal of the Company, taking into consideration morals and professional ethics, including cultures of relevant parties in the organization;
- 13) To maintain and take care of the health, security, bio-hygiene and environment of everyone in the organization and to have the work place kept in a tidy, exquisite and hygienic condition;
- 14) To use resources of the Company efficiently and effectively.

6.3 Changes and Significant Development of the Policy, Guidelines and System of Corporate Governance in the Past Year

The SEC has required that the Board of Directors review the appropriateness of the Company's practice of CG Code at least once a year. For the year 2022, the Board of Directors' meeting considered reviewing the Company's Corporate Governance policy and the charters of the subcommittees. The Board also accordingly monitored the performances of the Management, requiring that the operating results and the updated operation progress of the Company and its subsidiaries be reported every quarter in the Board of Directors' meeting, focusing particularly on managing the financial objectives and plans to be in accordance with the strategies in place.

7. Corporate Governance Structure and Significant Information Regarding the Board of Directors, the Subcommittees, the Executives, the Employees, the Employees and Others

7.1 Corporate Governance Structure as at 31 December 2022



7.2 The Board of Directors

The Company’s Board of Directors is composed of the persons who are all qualified in their knowledge, skills and expertise in different fields. They play an important role not only in setting up visions, missions, strategies, policies and business directions for the Company, but also in supervising, auditing and assessing the Company’s operating results to comply with the applicable laws and to be in accordance with corporate plans, objectives, Articles of Association and resolutions of the shareholders’ meetings for the close-knit monitoring and follow-up of the operation.

7.2.1 Structure of the Board of Directors

Currently, the Company's Board of Directors totally comprises 10 directors as detailed below.

Detail	Number of the Directors (Person)	Percentage of the Entire Director Position (%)
10 directors of the Company comprises		
- Male Director	9	90
- Female Director	1	10
Executive Director	5	50
Non-executive Director	5	50
Independent Director	4	40

7.2.2 The Board of Directors and the Persons with Controlling Authority of the Company and the Subsidiary that Operates the Core Business

1) The Board of Directors and the Persons with Controlling Authority of the Company

1. Dr. Soraj	Asavaprappa***	Director** and Chairman of the Board of Directors
2. Dr. Vichit	Yamboonruang	Independent Director, Chairman of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and Chairman of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development
3. Dr. Ronnachit	Mahattanapreut	Independent Director, Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee
4. Mrs. Chantra	Purnariksha	Independent Director, Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development
5. Dr. Karl	Jamornmarn****	Independent Director
6. Mr. Subhoj	Sunyabhisithkul	Director*, Acting Chief Executive Officer, President and Member of the Executive Committee
7. Mr. Somboon	Patcharasopak	Director*, Chairman of the Executive Committee, Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development
8. Mr. Terasak	Jerauswapong	Director * and Member of the Executive Committee
9. Mr. Pleumjai	Sinarkorn	Director* and Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee
10. Mr. Veerayooth	Bodharamik	Director* and Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Remarks : * Authorized signatory director and Executive Director

** Non-executive Director

*** Being registered as a Company Director with the Ministry of Commerce on 13 February 2023

**** Being registered as a Company Director with the Ministry of Commerce on 10 March 2023

2) The Board of Directors and the Persons with Controlling Authority of the Subsidiary that Operates the Company's Core Business

Triple T Broadband Public Company Limited.

1. Mr. Subhoj	Sunyabhisithkul	Director *, President and Member of the Executive Committee
2. Ms. Chongrak	Rojanavipat	Director *
3. Mr. Vasu	Prasannate	Director *
4. Mr. Anupong	Bodharamjk	Director *
5. Mr. Somboon	Patcharasopak	Director *
6. Mr. Yordchai	Asawathongchai	Director *
7. Mr. Kittipong	Watanakuljaroen	Director *

Remarks : *Authorized signatory director

7.2.3 Information on Roles of the Board of Directors

Authority and Duties of Chairman of the Board of Directors

The Chairman of the Board of Directors is appointed by the Board of Directors as their chief to perform the following duties:-

1. To preside over the Board of Directors' Meeting and conduct the Meeting according to the agenda item sequence, in compliance with the Company's Articles of Association and the applicable laws, encouraging all members of the Board of Directors to discuss and exchange ideas and opinions independently with concern for all the stakeholders and due circumspection for the optimum benefit of the Company; the Chairman of the Board of Directors also has the duty to conclude the meeting resolutions clearly for further actions;
2. To preside over a shareholders' meeting and act as chairman of the meeting, conducting the meeting according to the agenda item sequence, in compliance with the Company's Articles of Association and the applicable laws by appropriately allocating time for each agenda item, providing the shareholders with opportunities to express their opinions equitably and ensuring that those questions are properly responded to;
3. To perform any duty, specified by law as the duty to be performed by the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Authority and Duties of the Board of Directors

1. To perform the duties to be in compliance with the the applicable laws, the objectives and the Articles of Association of the Company as well as the resolutions passed by the shareholders' meetings;
2. Members of the Board of Directors are prohibited from engaging in the business of any juristic person which is of the same nature of business as the Company's and is the Company's business rival -- either as a partner or a director -- except for the case that they declare this piece of information to the shareholders' meeting and receives its consent prior to being appointed to the Board of Director position;
3. Members of the Board of Directors are obliged to inform the Company, without delay, of their interests in any contract, entered into with the Company, as well as the change (either an increase or a decrease) in the number of shares or debentures of the Company or the subsidiaries that they hold;

4. The Board of Directors' meeting shall be held at least once every 3 months;
5. Authorized signatory directors are as specified in the Company Certificate;
6. The Board of Directors is empowered to designate an authorized signatory director who signs to bind the Company with a stamp of the Company seal.

Authority and Duties of the Chief Executive Officer

The Chief Executive Officer supervises and follows up the work of the President and the Management of the Company and determines the remuneration and other benefits thereof. It is the duty of the Chief Executive Officer to consider and approve the Company's business plan and adjust it to be in accordance with business conditions. He is authorized to approve a normal business transaction* of the value not exceeding Bt 100 mn, to optimize the Company's business management and operations and to ensure that the Company's operation objectives are in line with both the established policies and business plans approved by the Board of Directors.

Whereby, the approval for such business transaction does not include the transaction in which the Chief Executive Officer or any person, who may have conflicts of interest as per definition set forth in the Notifications of the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission and/or the Stock Exchange of Thailand, has in any other way with the Company or its subsidiaries.

Remarks * Normal business transaction refers to trading transaction normally undertaken by a listed company or a subsidiary for the purpose of operating business (Source of Definition : Document of the Stock Exchange of Thailand No. BorJor. (Wor.) 47/2547, dated 21 July 2004 Re: Amendment to the Rules on Connected Transactions of the Listed Companies)

Authority and Duties of the President

The President has the duty to supervise and manage the Company's operations, aside from carrying out his own day-to-day work in a normal course of business for the benefit of the Company under the scope of authority and duties that is determined by the Chief Executive Officer as follows:-

1. The President is entrusted with the duty to supervise and manage the Company's operations in addition to carrying out his own day-to-day tasks in a normal course of business for the benefit of the Company in accordance with the Company's objectives, Articles of Association, rules, resolutions, policies, plans, and budgets approved by the Board of Directors' meeting under the framework of the applicable laws and the scope of authority as determined by the Chief Executive Officer.
2. The President is specifically granted the authority to approve the transactions entered into by the Company as the borrower, the lender, the guarantor, the purchaser, the contractor, or the hirer of work and other transactions in the normal course of business of the value not exceeding Bt 10 mn. Nevertheless, to this purpose, the President may consider authorizing an individual person to act on his behalf in undertaking a transaction as specified above under his scope of authority.

The above-mentioned authority does not include the entering into the transaction in which the President or a person who may have conflicts of interest, as per definition set forth in the Notifications of the Office of Securities and Exchange Commission and/or the Stock Exchange of Thailand, has in any other way with the Company or its subsidiaries.

7.3 The Subcommittees

The Board of Directors of the Company has established the subcommittees to supervise and monitor the Company's operations. At present, the Company has 4 subcommittees, namely the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development and the Executive Committee. The names of the members of each subcommittee together with the scope of authority and duties are as follows:-

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee to consider and review the work of the Company prior to proposing for the acknowledgement and consideration of the Board of Directors. Later, at the end of 2022, the Audit Committee has been renamed by the resolution of the Board of Directors' meeting as the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and has also been additionally assigned to be responsible for the oversight of good corporate governance and the compliance with the Anti-Corruption Policy of the Company. The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee is scheduled for a meeting once a quarter. The present Audit and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company comprises 3 directors namely:-

- | | | |
|------------------|----------------|--|
| 1. Dr. Vichit | Yamboonruang | Independent director,
Chairman of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee
(Expert and experienced in auditing financial statements) |
| 2. Dr. Ronnachit | Mahattanapreut | Independent director,
Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee
(Expert and experienced in auditing financial statements) |
| 3. Mrs. Chantra | Purnariksha | Independent director,
Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee |

Authority and Duties of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

Authority of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

1. In performing duties, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has an authority to access information of the Company with kind cooperation of all the management involved. The Committee also has an authority to audit and investigate relevant person (s) for more information clarity.
2. In case of necessity and for the benefit of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee's consideration and provision of opinions on the Company's operations, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has an authority to seek independent opinions from specialists of any particular fields on the Company's expense.

Duties of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

1. To review the Company's financial reporting to ensure its accuracy and adequate disclosure by coordinating with the external auditor and the management members who are responsible for preparing the quarterly and the annually financial reports; to this regards, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee may suggest that the external auditor review or examine any transaction as deemed necessary and significant while auditing the Company's accounts. In addition, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has a duty to have a meeting with the external auditor without the participation of the management at least once a year;

2. To review the Company's risk management measures and system, internal control system and internal audit system to ensure their appropriateness and effectiveness aside from considering the independence of the Office of Internal Audit, approving the appointment, the removal, the transfer, the promotion and the termination of the Head of the Office of Internal Audit as well as the heads of other departments that are responsible for internal audit;
3. To review the Company's compliance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the regulations, stipulated by, the Office of the SEC, the SET and the applicable laws;
4. To consider the selection and the nomination of an independent person to be the Company's external auditor and to propose the remuneration thereof, taking into account credibility, volume of audit assignments and experience of the person assigned to audit accounts of the Company; and also to consider the termination of the Company's external auditor;
5. To consider the disclosure of information of the Company in case that there is a connected transaction or a transaction that may lead to a conflict of interest to ensure its compliance with laws and regulations stipulated by the Stock Exchange of Thailand, reasonableness of information disclosed and optimum benefit;
6. To prepare the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee's report to be disclosed in the Form 56-1 One Report of the Company; the report must be signed by the Chairman of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and include at least the information as follows:
 - 6.1 The opinion on accuracy, completeness and reliability of the Company's financial reports;
 - 6.2 The opinion on adequacy of the Company's internal control system and internal audit;
 - 6.3 The opinion on compliance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the regulations stipulated by the SET and the applicable laws;
 - 6.4 The opinion on appropriateness of the external auditors;
 - 6.5 The opinion on the transactions which may have conflicts of interest;
 - 6.6 The number of the meetings of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and the meeting attendance of each Audit and Corporate Governance Committee member;
 - 6.7 The opinions or the overall remarks the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee obtained while performing duties as prescribed by the Charter of Audit and Corporate Governance Committee;
 - 6.8 Other pieces of information deemed appropriate to acknowledge the shareholders and investors in general under the scope of authority, duties and responsibilities granted by the Board of Directors.
7. To oversee the compliance with Corporate Governance Policy of the Company as detailed below:-
 - 7.1 To set out a Corporate Governance Policy that is appropriate for the Company and its Business Ethics, under the framework of the applicable laws, rules and regulations of the regulatory agencies such as the SET and the SEC and their relevant agencies, including the international standard practice guidelines for good corporate governance and propose it for the Board of Directors' approval;
 - 7.2 To supervise the Company's directors and executives on their performing of duties and responsibilities and to provide them with advice that aligns with the Corporate Governance Policy for pragmatic results and appropriate continuity of the compliance with the Policy as expected by the shareholders and the stakeholders;
 - 7.3 To propose the regulations and practice guidelines on ethics and business ethics, including the codes of conduct of the directors, the executives and the employees;

- 7.4 To prepare the annual corporate governance assessment result report in which stated the opinions and the recommendations for any improvements as deemed appropriate for the acknowledgment of the Board of Directors, the shareholders and general investors;
- 7.5 To consider reviewing and updating the Company's Corporate Governance Policy and Business Ethics at least once a year to ensure their alignment with international-standard practice guidelines, laws, rules and regulations as well as current businesses of the Company.
8. To oversee the compliance with the Anti-Corruption Policy of the Company as detailed below:-
- 8.1 To set the policy and practice guidelines on anti-corruption of all forms to ensure that the Company has in place its principles on good governance in business operations with respect to relevant laws, rules, regulations and stipulations;
- 8.2 To review the anti-corruption procedures to ensure the Company's compliance with the guidelines, stipulated by the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Coalition against Corruption (CAC); and also to review the self assessment form for developing the anti-corruption system done by the Office of Internal Audit for further application for or renewal of the certification of the membership of the CAC
- 8.3 To encourage and support the stakeholders to cooperate with the Company in complying with the Anti-Corruption Policy;
- 8.4 To prepare the annual audit result report on risk assessment as regards corruption in which stated the opinions and the recommendations for any improvements as deemed appropriate for the acknowledgment and consideration of the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis;
- 8.5 To consider reviewing and updating the Company's Anti-Corruption Policy and practice guidelines on anti-corruption at least once a year to ensure their alignment with international-standard practice guidelines, laws, rules and regulations as well as current businesses of the Company.
9. To perform any other task assigned by the Board of Directors with the consent of the Audit Committee.

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee serves a 3-year term. In case of vacancy for any reason other than the expiry of the committee member's term, the Board of Directors shall appoint a qualified person to fill in the vacancy so as to maintain the number of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee members. The new Audit and Corporate Governance Committee member shall retain his/her office only for the remaining term of the office of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee member whom he/she replaces.

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Appointed by the Board of Directors, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for the recruitment, the selection and the nomination of the persons, possessing the qualifications suitable for being appointed as the Directors, the Subcommittee members, the Chief Executive Officer and the President of the Company in addition to proposing for the consideration of the Board of Directors the policy on the benefits as well as the guidelines on the payment of remuneration, gratuities and other benefits for the Board of Directors, the Subcommittees and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company that are prudently prepared, by taking into account, the duties and responsibilities of the Directors, the Company's operating results and current market conditions. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee of the Company comprises 4 directors as follows:-

1. Dr. Ronnachit Mahattanapreut Independent director, Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee;
2. Mr. Pleumjai Sinarkorn Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee;
3. Mr. Veerayooth Bodharamik* Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee;
4. Mr. Somboon Patcharasopak Member and Secretary to the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

Remarks * Being appointed on 1 March 2023

Authority and Duties of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Remuneration

1. To set up a remuneration policy for the Board of Directors, the subcommittees and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, appointed by the Board of Directors;
2. To determine the remuneration and other benefits for the Board of Directors, the subcommittees and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, appointed by the Board of Directors and propose them to the Board of Directors for further consideration;
3. To allocate securities offered by the Company in any securities offering project to the Company's directors and employees with respect to terms and conditions related to such securities offering (if any).

Nomination

1. To set the selection criteria and the qualifications of a person who shall assume the position of director, member of every subcommittee, the Chief Executive Officer and the President of the Company;
2. To select and consider nominating a person who possesses the qualifications that suit with business strategies of the Company to take the position of director, member of the subcommittees, the Chief Executive Officer and the President of the Company, and propose to the Board of Directors for further consideration.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee shall directly report to the Board of Directors. The Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee as well as each Committee member shall have a 3-year term in office. Those who retire by rotation are eligible for the re-election.

Whereby, the approval for the authority of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee does not include the authority to approve any transaction in which the Remuneration and Nomination Committee member or any person related to him, has an interest or a conflict of interest in any other way with the Company as per the regulations set forth by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. However, provided that such a case occurs, it shall be proposed to the Board of Directors' meeting and / or the shareholders' meeting for consideration and approval, to be in line with the Company Articles of Association.

The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development

The Risk Management Committee has been appointed by the Board of Directors to perform its duties under the scope of authority and responsibilities as assigned by the Board. At the end of 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to assign the Committee to be additionally responsible for overseeing sustainable development work of the Company; and rename it the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development. At present, the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development comprises 5 members as follows:-

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|---|
| 1. Dr.Vichit | Yamboonruang | Independent director, Chairman of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development; |
| 2. Mrs.Chantra | Purnariksha | Independent director, Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development; |
| 3. Mr. Somboon | Patcharasopak | Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development; |
| 4. Mr. Kittipong | Watanakuljaroen* | Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development; |
| 5. Mr. Sangdo | Lee* | Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development |

Remarks * Being appointed on 1 March 2023

Authority and duties of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development

In Respect of Risk Management, the duties and responsibilities of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development are as follows:-

1. To set the policy, goals and framework of risk management and to manage for the Company to have a clear and continuous risk management system for efficient mitigation of any key risks;
2. To be watchful of potential risks, to devise the risk management strategies, to take action in, to lend support to and to promote the risk management for its success organization-wide;
3. To check, follow up, monitor and appropriately evaluate the risk management performances; and also to regularly improve the action plans to always remain efficient for mitigating risks to an acceptable level, with emphasis placed on advance alarm signals and irregularities;
4. To be responsible for managing risks pertaining to corruption;
5. To report the Board of Directors on issues that need improvement to be in line with the policies and the strategies set forth by the Company;
6. To review and update/amend the Risk Management Charter and the Risk Management Policy and propose them to the Company's Board of Directors for consideration and approval;
7. To perform other duties as assigned by the Board of Directors.

In Respect of Sustainable Development, the duties and responsibilities of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development are as follows:-

1. To set the policy and the goals of work as regards sustainability development and also to draw up the overall sustainability development plans of the entire JAS Group to be in line with the Sustainable Development Policy and JAS Group's business strategic plans;
2. To encourage and support personnel at all levels across the organization for their cooperation to comply and work in accordance with the sustainability development plans;
3. To oversee the sustainability development work and accordingly provide advice and recommendations relating to economic, social and environmental dimensions for long-term sustainable business growth;
4. To monitor sustainability development performance against the indicators prescribed by law and to give advice on reporting data that are related to sustainable development;

5. To provide recommendations for the development or the review of the policies that are related to sustainable development of the organization such as the environmental-related policies, the risk management policy, the policies on human rights and other relevant policies;
6. To review and update the Charter and the Policy on sustainable development and propose them to the Company's Board of Directors for consideration and approval;
7. To perform other duties as assigned by the Board of Directors.

The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development quarterly reports their performances to the Board of Directors. They serve a 3-year term in office. The Chairman and each member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development who retire by rotation are eligible for the re-election.

Executive Committee

The Company's Executive Committee comprises 6 members as follows:-

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Mr.Somboon | Patcharasopak | Chairman of the Executive Committee |
| 2. Mr.Subhoj | Sunyabhisithkul | Member of the Executive Committee |
| 3. Mr.Terasak | Jerauswapong* | Member of the Executive Committee |
| 4. Mr.Sangdo | Lee* | Member of the Executive Committee |
| 5. Ms.Saranya | Amornrattanasuchad* | Member of the Executive Committee |

Remarks * Being appointed on 1 March 2023

Authority and Duties of Executive Committee

1. To supervise the implementation of the established policies, business directions and strategies of the Company and its subsidiaries to be in accordance with the policies of the Board of Directors;
2. To supervise and monitor the performances of the Company and its subsidiaries and to check and follow up them accordingly;
3. To set out appropriate investment policies for the Company and its subsidiaries and to set directions for their future business operations;
4. To consider approving normal business transactions of the value not exceeding Bt 1,000 mn that are for the interests of the management and the operation of the Company's business and to ensure the achievement of the business objectives as well as the compliance with the policies, established by the Board of Directors.

Nevertheless, such approval is not allowed for the case whereby the transactions entered into by members of the Executive Committee or any person who may have conflicts of interest as per the definition set forth by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Stock Exchange of Thailand, have interests or conflicts of interest in other manners with the Company or its subsidiaries
5. To perform any other task as assigned by the Board of Directors.

7.4 The Executives

7.4.1 The executives of the Company and the subsidiary that operates the Core Business

1) The Company executives are as follows:-

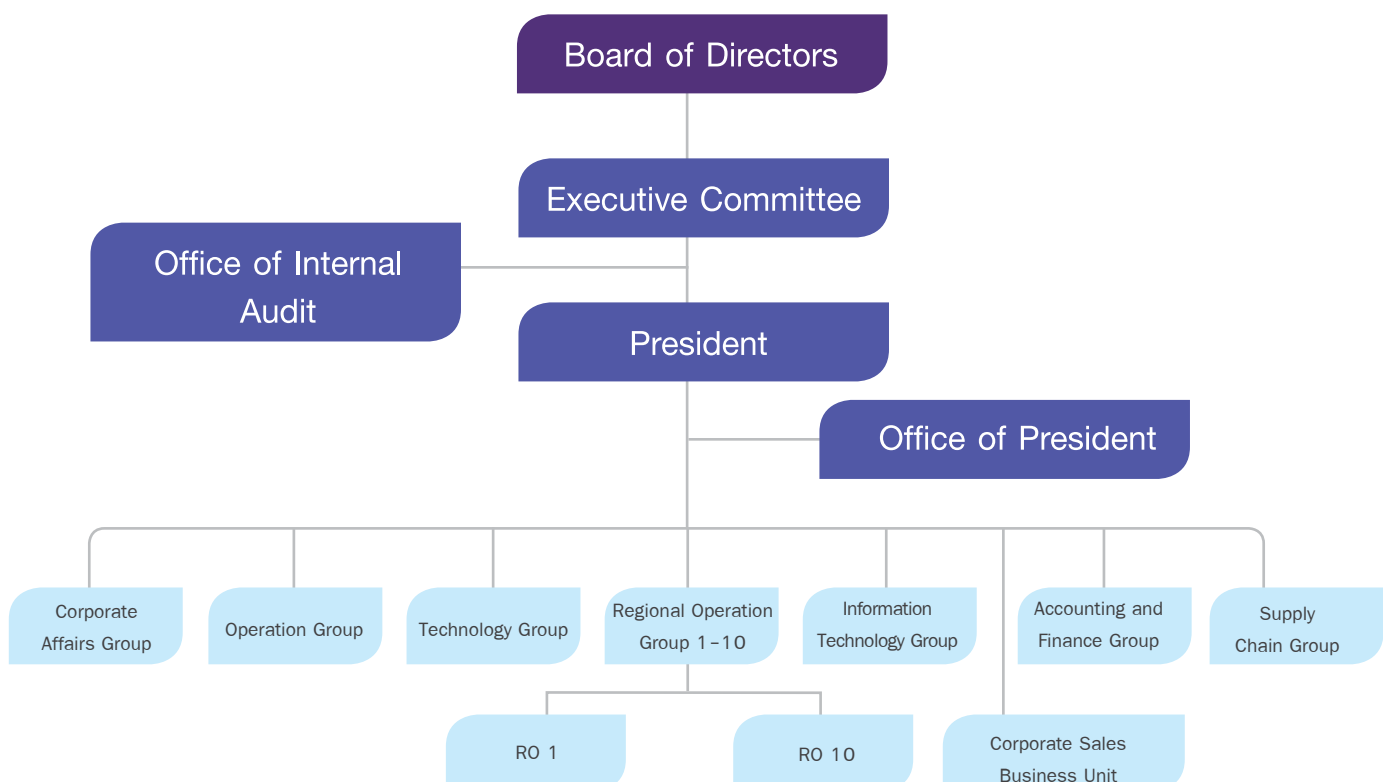
1.	Mr. Subhoj	Sunyabhisithkul	Acting Chief Executive Officer and President
2.	Mr. Sangdo	Lee	Chief Operating Officer 1
3.	Ms. Saranya	Amornrattanasuchad	Chief Financial Officer, Corporate Secretary and the person taking the highest responsibility in finance and accounting
4.	Mr. Kittipong	Watanakuljaroen	Chief Operating Officer 2
5.	Mr. Chatchai	Anawan*	Vice President, Accounting & Treasury Group and the person taking the direct responsibility in accounting oversight

Remarks * Being appointed on 1 February 2023

2) The executives of the subsidiary that operates the core business (Triple T Boardband Public Company Limited) are as follows;

1.	Mr. Subhoj	Sunyabhisithkul	President and Member of the Executive Committee
2.	Mr. Sombat	Punsiripat	Senior Executive Vice President – Head of Corporate Affairs Group
3.	Mr. Sangdo	Lee	Executive Vice President – Business Partnership & Development
4.	Mr. Kittipong	Watanakuljaroen	Executive Vice Preseident – Head of Regional Operation Group 1 – 10
5.	Mrs.Pindao	Rojanakul	Senior Vice President – Head of Accounting and Finance Group
6.	Mr. Narongrit	Vittayapreechakul	Senior Vice President – Head of Supply Chain Group
7.	Mr. Dusit	Srisangaoran	Senior Vice President – Head of Technology Group

TTTBB Organization Chart



7.4.2 Policy on Compensation Payment for the Executive Committee and the Executives

The Company has put in place the policy on salary, bonus and other benefits of both the executives and the employees. To this regard, the Board of Directors shall determine the payment of the compensation based on the Company's operating results. In addition to cash remuneration, the Company provides its executives and employees with welfares such as provident fund, annual health checkup and recreational activities that help relieve stress from working, etc.

7.4.3 Compensation for the Executive Committee and the Executives

Cash Remuneration

Remuneration of the Executives of the Company and the Subsidiary that Operates the Core Business

The Company and the Subsidiary	Number of the Executive (Person)	Remuneration Year 2022 (Baht)	Remuneration Details
1. Jasmine International PCL.	5	27,582,600	Salary and bonus
2. Triple T Broadband PCL.	9	35,519,898	Salary and bonus
Total	14	63,102,498	

Other Forms of Compensation

The Company has established a provident fund to serve as a welfare and security for its employees upon employment termination, physical deformity, retirement, death or resignation from the fund. The fund, namely "Registered Provident Fund" of Jasmine Group, comprises the contribution as designated by each employee of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12 or 15 percent of his/her basic salary and the Company's contribution at the rate of 3 to 8 percent, depending on each employee's years of service.

7.5 The Employees

Number and relevant information of the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022

Company Name	Number of the Employees (Person)			Remuneration Amount (Baht)	Remuneration Details
	Total	Male	Female		
Jasmine International PCL.	74	19	55	72,132,004	Salary, overtime wage and bonus
Jasmine International PCL. and its subsidiaries	10,068	6,893	3,175	3,053,074,070	Salary, overtime wage and bonus

Number of the employees in major departments of the Company

Department	Number of Employees (Person)
1. Office of Chief Executive Officer	2
2. Office of President	3
3. Office of Internal Audit	3
4. Administration	9
5. Sustainability and Corporate Communications	3
6. Regulatory & Compliance	6
7. Accounting	12
8. Finance and Strategic	7
9. Human Resources	29
Total	74

Apart from salary, overtime wage and bonus, the Company has established a provident fund. To reflect the importance given to investment management, the Company supports the Provident Fund Committee to carry out its duties in compliance with the Investment Government Code (the “I Code”). As provident fund is considered a retirement saving fund and the best investment for a long-term benefit of the employees, to select the fund manager, the Company supports the Provident Fund Committee to choose the Provident Fund Manager who complies with the I Code and/or manages the fund with due responsibility and respect to environment, social and governance (“ESG”). The proportion of the number of the employees who are members of the provident fund to the number of all the employees (full-time employees only) of the Company is as follows:-

Company Name	Number of the Employees (Person)	Number of the Employees who are PVD Members (Person)	Proportion of the number of the employees who are members of the provident fund to the number of all the employees (%)
Jasmine International PCL.	74	60	81.08
Jasmine International PCL. and its subsidiaries	3,260	2,233	68.50

7.6 Other Material Information

7.6.1 The names of the person who takes the direct responsibility in accounting oversight, Corporate Secretary and Head of the Internal Audit are as follows:-

The Person who Takes the Direct Responsibility in Accounting Oversight

The Company appointed Mr. Chatchai Anawan, Vice President, Accounting & Treasury Group as the person, directly in charge of accounting oversight on 28 February 2023 to replace Ms. Suchada Sestasittikul, Assistant Vice President, Accounting & Treasury Group Department. His profile is disclosed herewith in Enclosure 1.

Corporate Secretary

The Board of Directors' meeting resolved to approve appointing Ms. Saranya Amomrattanasuchad as Corporate Secretary of the Company on 30 January 2023 in place of Mr. Yordchai Asawathongchai. Her profile is disclosed herewith in Enclosure 1.

Head of the Internal Audit and Head of Corporate Compliance

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee resolved to appoint Mrs. Nipaporn Rattanaramik the Head of the Internal Audit, to monitor the Company's compliance with the regulations of the Company. Her profile is disclosed herewith in Enclosure 1.

7.6.2 Investor Relations Unit

The Company has assigned the Investor Relations Department to be responsible for the tasks of "Investor Relations" and the disclosure of material information of the Company. Investors can contact the Investor Relations Department via Telephone Number : 0-2100-3119-21 and email address: ir-jas@jasmine.com.

7.6.3 Audit Fee

1) Audit Fee : For the previous fiscal year, the total amount of the audit fee that the Company and its subsidiaries paid to EY Office Limited was Bt 13,883,000.

2) Non-audit-Fee

Apart from the audit fee, the Company and its subsidiaries paid the non-audit fee to EY Office Limited and its subsidiary as detailed below.

The Company that Paid the Non-audit Fee	Type of Non-audit Service	Expenses On Non-audit Service (Baht)	
		Expenses during the Fiscal Year	Future Expenses
Acumen Co.,Ltd.	Review of the statement of revenues from Telecommunications Business and information on expenses allowed to be deducted in the Universal Service Obligation (USO)	-	10,000
Jasmine Internet Co.,Ltd.	Review of the statement of revenues from Telecommunications Business and information on expenses allowed to be deducted in the Universal Service Obligation (USO)	-	20,000
JasTel Network Co.,Ltd.	Review of the statement of revenues from Telecommunications Business and information on expenses allowed to be deducted in the Universal Service Obligation (USO)	-	50,000
Triple T Internet Co.,Ltd.	Review of the statement of revenues from Telecommunications Business and information on expenses allowed to be deducted in the Universal Service Obligation (USO)	-	50,000
Triple T Broadband PCL.	Review of the statement of revenues from Telecommunications Business and information on expenses allowed to be deducted in the Universal Service Obligation (USO)	-	50,000
	Review of the Accounting Separation reports of Telecommunications Business	-	500,000*
	Review of the statement of the classification of transactions under Thai Financial Reporting Standard 16	60,000	20,000
Three BB TV Co.,Ltd.	Review of the statement of revenues from Broadcasting Business	-	50,000
Total of the non-audit fee		60,000	750,000

Remarks * This may be changed in case of necessity of service scope change

8. Report on the Company's Significant Performances in Corporate Governance

8.1 Summary of the Performances of the Board of Directors in the Past Year

The Company's Board of Directors is made up of the persons who are well qualified in knowledge, skills diverse expertise and distinguished leadership. The Board of Directors play a part in determining visions, missions, strategies, policies and business directions. They also supervise the Company's operations to be in compliance with the applicable laws, the objectives and the Articles of Association of the Company and the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting. In order for them to closely and continuously monitor and oversee the Company's operations, they have established the subcommittees to help them in corporate governance. The Board of Directors' meeting is scheduled to be convened in every 3 months; however, a special meeting can be called for if it is deemed necessary.

The Board of Directors has determined the meeting schedules for the whole year in advance. Meeting documents shall be prepared by Corporate Secretary and delivered to the Board of Directors 7 days prior to the meeting date, each time. In the previous year, the Company held 9 Board of Directors' meetings to consider diverse issues of the Company. In every voting agenda, a minimum quorum of at least 2/3 of the entire Board of Directors is required. The resolution thereof shall be passed by a majority vote of the Board of Directors. Each director shall have one vote. Any director who has a vested interest in any agenda item shall not participate in the decision making for such agenda item and/or shall not vote on such matter. In case of equal voting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have an additional casting vote.

The Board of Directors has a policy to have the non-executive directors hold the meetings without any management personnel at least once a year; to organize these meetings is assigned by the Board of Directors to be a duty of the Corporate Secretary.

8.1.1 Recruitment, Development and Performance Appraisal of the Company's Directors

1) Independent Directors

Criteria for Recruiting Independent Directors

By definition, an Independent Director is a non-executive director who does not involve in the day-to-day management nor is he a major shareholder of the Company. Each Independent Director must possess the following qualifications:-

1. Holding not exceeding 1 percent of all the shares with the voting right of the company, parent company, subsidiary, associated company, a major shareholder or any person having controlling authority¹⁾ in the company, including the shares held by the persons who are related to him;

2. Not assuming, both at present and in the past of at least 2 years prior to the appointment date, the position of executive director, employee, staff or advisor receiving regular salary or having controlling authority in the company, parent company, subsidiary, associated company, subsidiary of the same level or of a major shareholder or any person having controlling authority in the company; this criterion does not include an Independent Director who used to be a government officer or advisor to any official sector²⁾ who is a major shareholder or a person having the controlling authority in the company;
3. Not having the relationship by blood line or legal registration as parent, spouse, brother , sister , child, including as spouse of a child of the executive, major shareholder, person having controlling authority or person who shall be nominated as an executive or a person with controlling authority of the company or the subsidiary;
4. Not having, both at present and in the past of at least 2 years prior to the appointment date, any business relationship with the company, parent company, subsidiary, associated company, a major shareholder or any person having controlling authority in the company in the manner that may hinder his own freedom of judgment in addition to not being both in the past and at present, a significant shareholder or a person with controlling authority of any person having business relationship with the company, parent company, subsidiary, associated company, a major shareholder or any person with controlling authority in the company;

The above mentioned business relationship includes normal commercial transactions, rental or lease of immovable property, the transactions related to assets or services as well as the offer or the receipt of financial assistance by way of borrowing or loan, guarantee, collateral loan and other transactions of similar manner which may cause debt burden between the company and the party to agreement from the amount of 3 percent of net tangible assets of the company or 20 million Baht up, whichever is lower. Mutatis mutandis, in calculating such debt, the method of calculating the value of connected transactions as stated in the notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board, regarding the execution of connected transaction shall be applied. Any debt burden incurred during the period of one year prior to the date of the business relationship with the same person must be included when considering such debt burden;

5. Not being, both at present and in the past of at least 2 years prior to the appointment date, an auditor of the company, parent company, subsidiary, associated company, a major shareholder or a person having controlling authority in the company as well as not being a significant shareholder and a person with controlling authority or a partner of the audit firm in which the auditors of the company, parent company, subsidiary, associated company, a major shareholder or a person having controlling authority are working for;
6. Not being, both at present and in the past of at least 2 years prior to the appointment date, a provider of any professional service inclusive of legal or financial advising service offering, obtaining the service charge of over 2 million Baht per annum from the company, parent company, subsidiary, associated company, a major shareholder or a person having controlling authority in the company in addition to not being a significant shareholder, a person with controlling authority or a partner of any professional service provider;
7. Not being a director appointed to be the representative of the company's directors, major shareholders or shareholders who are related to the major shareholders;

8. Not operating any business that is of the same nature as or that significantly competes with the business of the company or the subsidiary as well as not being a significant partner in a Partnership, an executive director, employee, staff, advisor receiving regular salary or holding over 1 percent of the total number of shares with voting right of other companies which operate the same type of business and which significantly competes with the company's and the subsidiary's businesses;
9. Possessing no other traits which impede the ability to independently provide opinions on the company's operation.

Remarks : ¹⁾ A person having controlling authority refers to a shareholder or any person who by action is significantly influential to the establishment of the management policy or the operation of the businesses of the company whether or not such influence is derived through his / her status as a shareholder or as a representative by contract or by other transactions; such a person having controlling authority is, in particular, a person who falls into one of the following criteria : (A) Holding over 25 percent of shares, (B) Having the mandate to control the appointment / removal of directors, (C) Having the mandate to control a person in charge of policy set-up (D) Having power / responsibility for business operation as an executive.

²⁾ Official sector refers to a central official unit, according to the Law on Administration of State Affairs.

Procedure of Recruiting an Independent Director

To select an independent director as per the qualifications described above as well as the recruitment of a member of the Board of Directors or a member of each subcommittee of the Company is primarily the duty of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, as assigned by the Board of Directors. The person who possesses the qualifications that meet the prescribed criteria for director selection, knowledge, multiple areas of professional expertise, leadership, morality and ethics, and the ability in providing the opinions independently shall be considered and proposed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee's meeting for the Board of Directors' approval to appoint to the position of independent director, the Board of Director or a subcommittee as the case may be.

In case that the Company wishes to appoint an independent director who has business relationship or provides any occupational service, the total value of which exceeds the amount allowed by an independent director qualification criteria stipulated in the notification of the Capital Market Advisory Board No. Tor. Jor. 39/2559 Clause 17 (2) (Ngor), that is from 3 percent of the net tangible assets of the company's group or over Bt 20 mn, depending on whichever amount is lower or a person who is appointed to independent directorship during the year and has or used to have business relationship or provides or used to provide any occupational service, the total value of which exceeds the amount stated in the said criteria, to be an independent director for another term, Clause 17 (2) (Choe Choe) of the above-mentioned notification makes an allowance for excepting the prohibition against the independent director qualification criteria, regarding business relationship, requiring that the company organize the board of directors' meeting to consider the matter and accordingly provide opinions for it with responsibility, prudence and honesty in line with Section 89/7 in order to assure that the appointment shall not affect the performance and freedom of providing opinions of that person as an independent director. It is also required that the board of directors declares reasons and necessity that support the decision to appoint that particular person to the position of independent director for another term.

2) Recruitment of Directors and Chief Executives

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee plays an initial role in selecting and nominating a qualified person for the Board of Directors' consideration to further propose for the shareholders' meeting's approval to appoint to the director position of the Company. Details in connection with the constitution of the committee, including the appointment, the removal or the vacation from the office of the directors are set forth in the Articles Association of the Company as summarized below:-

1. The Company shall have a Board of Directors comprising at least 5 individuals. In addition, not less than half of whom shall reside in the Kingdom of Thailand;
2. The shareholders' meeting shall elect the directors pursuant to the following rules and procedures:
 - 1) Each shareholder shall have a number of votes equal to one share for one vote;
 - 2) Each shareholder may exercise all their votes in electing one as per calculated in 1) or more directors. Any allotment of votes to any person is not allowed;
 - 3) The candidates who have the most votes shall be elected as directors equivalent to the number of directors required; if any subsequent candidates have equal votes, more than the number of required ones, the Chairman shall have a casting vote;
3. Any director resigning from his/her office shall submit a resignation letter to the Company. The resignation shall be effective on the date the notice reaches the Company;
4. In the case of any vacancy on the Board of Directors other than retirement by rotation, the Board of Directors shall elect a person who is qualified and not prohibited under the Section 68 of the Public Limited Company Act to fill the vacancy at the next Board of Directors' meeting, unless the remaining term of the former director is less than 2 months. The replacement of director shall retain the office only during the period for which the former director was entitled to retain in office.

The resolution of the Board of Directors in respect of the above paragraph shall represent the votes of not less than 3/4 of the remaining directors;

5. At every annual general meeting of shareholders, 1/3 of the directors shall retire and the directors who have been longest in the office shall previously retire. If the number of directors is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to 1/3 shall retire. The directors who retire from the office by rotation may be re-elected;
6. The shareholders' meeting may resolve to remove any director from office before his/her expiration by rotation with the votes, not less than 3/4 of all the shareholders present and eligible to vote, and with an aggregate of shares not less than half of shares held by all the shareholders present and eligible to vote.

In the like manner as the recruitment of a Company director, a person qualified for a position of chief executive of the Company shall be selected and proposed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee for the Board of Directors' consideration. To this regard, the policy, the criteria and the selection procedures shall be set up accordingly by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

Performance Appraisal of the Board of Directors and the Subcommittees

In 2022, the Board of Directors and all the subcommittees of the Company evaluated their own performances both as a party and an individual. The evaluation criteria and the average performance appraisal results of the Board of Directors, the Acting Chief Executive Officer and each subcommittee is as detailed below:-

Type of Committee	Evaluation Criteria	Percentage of Average of Good and Excellent Performance Appraisal Result
The Board of Directors		
- As a party	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee 3. The Committee Meetings 4. Fulfillment of Duties of the Committee 5. Relationship with the Management Support Team 6. Self-development of the Committee and the Development of the Executives 	100
- As an Individual	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee 	100
Acting Chief Executive Officer		
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Leadership 2. Strategic Planning 3. Compliance with Strategic Planning 4. Financial Planning and Compliance 5. Relationship with the Board of Directors 6. Relationship with Outside Party 7. Management and Relationship with Personnel 8. Succession 9. Knowledge on Products and Services 10. Personal Qualifications 	100
The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee		
- As a party	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee 	100
- As an Individual	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee 	100
The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development		

Type of Committee	Evaluation Criteria	Percentage of Average of Good and Excellent Performance Appraisal Result
- As a party	1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Efficiency of the Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee	100
- As an Individual	1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee	100
The Remuneration and Nomination Committee		
- As a party	1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee 3. The Committee Meetings 4. Fulfillment of Duties of the Committee 5. Relationship with the Management Support Team 6. Self-development of the Committee	100
- As an Individual	1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee	100
The Executive Committee		
- As a party	1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Efficiency of the Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee	100
- As an Individual	1. Structure and Qualifications of the Committee 2. The Efficiency of the Committee Meetings 3. Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee	100

8.1.2 Meeting Attendance and Remuneration of Each Director

Meeting Attendance

In 2022, the Company held 9 Board of Directors' meetings, the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2022. The record of the meeting attendance of each Director of the Company is as follows:-

Director's Name-Surname		Position	Number of Meeting Attendance		
			The Board of Directors' meeting	The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders	The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No.1/2022
1. Mr. Sudhitham	Chirathivat*	Independent Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors	9/9	✓	✓
2. Dr. Vichit	Yamboonruang	Independent Director, Chairman of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and Chairman of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development	8/9	✓	✓
3. Dr. Ronnachit	Mahattanapreut	Independent Director, Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee	9/9	✓	✓
4. Mrs. Chantra	Purnariksha	Independent Director, Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development	9/9	✓	✓
5. Mr. Subhoj	Sunyabhisithkul	Director, Acting Chief Executive Officer, President and Member of the Executive Committee	9/9	✓	✓
6. Mr. Terasak	Jerauswapong	Director and Member of the Executive Committee	9/9	✓	✓
7. Mr. Pleumjai	Sinarkorn	Director and Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee	9/9	✓	✓
8. Mr. Yordchai	Asawathongchai*	Director, Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development, Member of the Executive Committee, Secretary to the Board of Directors and Corporate Secretary	9/9	✓	✓
9. Mr.Somboon	Patcharasopak	Director, Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development	9/9	✓	✓

Remarks : * The Company registered his resignation with the Ministry of Commerce on 4 January 2023

*Remuneration Payment for Each Director**Cash Remuneration*

The 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders approved the remuneration according to the positions, the gratuities and other benefits for the Board of Directors and the subcommittees of the Company for the year 2022 at the amount of not exceeding Bt 15 mn. by taking into consideration, the remuneration paid by several companies of similar industry, the Company's business expansion and growth of profits, including the duties and responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the subcommittees as well as their devotion as directors to the Company as follows:-

1) Remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Subcommittees According to the Positions:-

Position	Remuneration/Month/Person (Baht)	Gratuity/Year/Person (Baht)
Chairman of the Board of Directors	80,000	520,000
Independent Director	50,000	-
Chairman of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee	35,000	-
Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee	25,000	370,000
Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee	20,000	-
Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee	10,000	-
Chairman of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development	20,000	-
Member of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development	10,000	-
Executive Director	30,000	120,000

2) Remuneration of Directors and the Subcommittees Disclosed Individually:-

Director's Name-Surname	Remuneration Year 2022 (Baht)	Remuneration Details
1. Mr. Sudhitham Chirathivat*	2,080,000	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
2. Dr. Vichit Yamboonruang	1,769,178	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
3. Dr. Ronnachit Mahattanapreut	1,571,494	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
4. Mrs. Chantra Purnariksha	1,473,458	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
5. Mr. Subhoj Sunyabhisithkul	627,048	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
6. Mr. Terasak Jerauswapong	487,968	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
7. Mr. Pleumjai Sinarkorn	720,368	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
8. Mr. Yordchai Asawathongchai*	638,250	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
9. Mr.Somboon Patcharasopak	812,745	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits

Remarks : * The Company registered his resignation with the Ministry of Commerce on 4 January 2023

Other Forms of Remuneration

The Board of Directors also received other benefits, comprising the right to reimburse the medical treatment expenses for inpatient department (IPD), outpatient department (OPD) and other medical expenses due to illness and the right to apply for sports club and hotel membership. However, the right to apply for sports club and hotel membership was up to the interest of each director.

3) Remuneration of the Board of Directors of the Subsidiary that Operates the Core Business

Cash Remuneration

The executive directors of the subsidiary that operates the core business received the remuneration of Bt 30,000/month/person. As for the remuneration for the Board of Directors, disclosed as an individual director, is as follows:-

Director's Name-Surname		Remuneration Year 2022 (Baht)	Remuneration Details
1. Mr. Subhoj	Sunyabhisithkul	360,000.00	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
2. Ms. Chongrak	Rojanavipat	360,000.00	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
3. Mr. Vasu	Prasannate	360,000.00	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
4. Mr. Anupong	Bodharamik	360,000.00	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
5. Mr. Somboon	Patcharasopak	360,000.00	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
6. Mr. Yordchai	Asawathongchai	360,000.00	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits
7. Mr. Kittipong	Watanakuljaroen	360,000.00	Salary, Gratuity and other benefits

Other Forms of Remuneration

Other benefits for the Board of Directors comprised the right to reimburse the medical treatment expenses for inpatient department (IPD), outpatient department (OPD) and other medical expenses due to illness and the right to apply for sports club and hotel membership. However, the right to apply for sports club and hotel membership was up to the interest of each director.

8.1.3 Oversight of the Operation of the Subsidiaries and the Associates

The Company has a policy on overseeing the operation and the management of its subsidiaries and associated companies as detailed below:-

- 1) The Company's Board of Directors has governance mechanisms that enable them to control and monitor the management and the operation of the Company's subsidiaries and associate companies in order to protect the Company's interest in investment as described below.
 - The Board of Directors has put in place the policies governing the operation of the Company and its subsidiaries so as to enhance operational harmony and support within JAS Group as much as possible for the efficiency in management and the optimum benefit of the businesses of the entire JAS Group. The above-mentioned operational policies have been drawn up with such significant components as business directions, operational plans, audit plans, and performance appraisal;

- The Company requires that each subsidiary and associate company prepare its annual work plan and budget to be in accordance with the core policy of the Company and quarterly report its operation results to keep the Company well updated with its information in all aspects and to enhance promptness in problem solving in case of mistake in management;
- The Board of Directors of the Company has a policy to appoint the Company's representatives to be the directors, the executives or the persons with controlling power in the subsidiaries and associate companies and has granted the Chief Executive Officer (the CEO) the authority to consider and approve appointing the Company's representatives to the aforementioned positions in the subsidiaries and associate companies based on their appropriateness and qualifications in knowledge, expertise and experience. The appointee can be either one of the directors in the Company's Board of Directors or any other person whom the CEO deems appropriate;
- The Board of Directors of the Company requires that each subsidiary completely and accurately disclose the information on its financial position operating results, transactions entered into between the subsidiary itself and the connected person(s), acquisition or disposal of assets and other significant transactions to be in alignment with the regulations on information disclosure and transactions of that particular subsidiary are set up in line with the Company's regulations on the same matters;
- The Company has the Office of Internal Audit that is responsible for auditing the operation, in all aspects, of the subsidiaries that operate the core businesses. The audit results are reported for the consideration of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee on a quarterly basis;
- The Company audits and evaluates the performance of its subsidiaries and associate companies by considering the operating results and the information on financial position, prepared in accordance with the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

2) Shareholders' agreement

- The Company has no shareholders' agreement that significantly affects the operation of JAS Group.

8.1.4 Monitoring of Compliance with the Policy and Guidelines on Good Corporate Governance

The Company places great emphasis on good corporate governance; therefore, it has put in place a policy on Corporate Governance and Business Ethics in which relevant practice guidelines on good governance are stipulated. The practice of good corporate governance is earnestly encouraged in order to win the confidence of every group of the stakeholders. In the previous year, the Company monitored its management and operation to comply with Corporate Governance in 4 areas as follows:-

1) Prevention of Conflicts of Interest

The Company's Board of Directors has established the policy on conflicts of interest based on the principle that any decision on business transaction shall be made with respect to the optimum benefits of the Company only, avoiding any action that might lead to conflicts of interest. It is also stated therein that a person related to or connected with the transaction under the consideration of the Company is obliged to notify the Company of his / her relationship or connection with the transaction. The person related or connected to the transaction is not permitted to join the party that shall consider the case and is not granted the approval authority for that particular transaction. The transaction shall be considered based on relevant principles; irregular conditions or regulations purposely created for the transaction are prohibited. The transactions that may cause conflicts of interest are under care of the Office of Internal Audit and the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee that are also responsible for solving the problems arising from conflicts of interest. Nevertheless, to date, the Company has not experienced the problem related to conflicts of interest.

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee shall report the appropriateness of the connected transactions and the transactions that have conflicts of interest that they have prudently considered to the Board of Directors in compliance with the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and shall also disclose it accordingly in the Form 56-1 One Report.

2) The Prevention of the Use of Insider Information for One's Own Benefits

The Company has formulated the policy on insider information usage between the Company itself and the subsidiaries which are listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand as follows.

Objectives

The Company and its subsidiaries operate their business in a transparent manner and recognize the importance of the use of insider information in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (including any amendment thereto) (the "SEC Act"), as well as other relevant rules and regulations. In this regard, the Policy on the Use of Insider Information of the Company is detailed as follows:-

Scope of the Policy

1. The term the "Company" under this policy shall mean Jasmine International Public Company Limited, and shall include Jasmine Technology Solution Public Company Limited, which is a subsidiary of the Company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand.
2. No directors, executives, staff members, and employees of the Company (and of its subsidiaries), who know or possess "insider information", or who are in the position or part of the work unit responsible for "insider information", or who are able to access "insider information" shall:
 - (1) purchase or sell the securities of the Company, or commit themselves under future contracts with respect to the securities of the Company, whether for their own interests or others; or
 - (2) disclose, by any means, "insider information" to any other person, whether directly or indirectly, knowing that the recipient may use such information to purchase or sell securities, or commit themselves under future contracts with respect to the securities, whether for their own interests or others.

The term “insider information” means information that has not been disclosed to the general public which is deemed material to any change in price or value of the securities of the Company, i.e., information of the Company which is likely to be material to the change of price or value of the securities, or investment decision-making. Such information includes information relating to the Company, major shareholders, controlling persons, or key executives of the Company, and information that is reasonably detailed to the extent that general investors may use the same for their investment decision-making.

3. The directors, executives, staff members, and employees of the Company (and its subsidiaries) working in the finance and accounting department shall:
 - (1) restrain from purchasing or selling of the securities of the Company, whether for their own interests or others; and
 - (2) not disclose financial information to any other person, whether directly or indirectly, in the period before the disclosure of financial reports for the year or for the quarter, at least 30 days before the Company discloses such the information to the Stock Exchange of Thailand and it is advisable to wait for at least 24 hours after disclosure of such information before purchasing or selling of the securities of the Company.
4. In the case that a supplier of the Company and its subsidiaries is a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, and that the entering into a transaction with that supplier may be deemed to be “insider information” of the supplier, the directors, executives, staff members, and employees of the Company (and its subsidiaries) shall have the duties with respect to “insider information” of that supplier as if it is the “insider information” of the Company under Clause 2 above.
5. In the case that the Company has “insider information” which cannot be disclosed at the time, for the reason that such information cannot be concluded or is highly uncertain, the relevant directors, executives, staff members, and employees of the Company (and its subsidiaries) shall have the duty to monitor, and keep such information confidential, in order to prevent any person from wrongfully seeking benefits from or disclosing such information. It is advisable that the relevant persons should comply with the “Handling Confidential, Market-Sensitive Information: Principles of Good Practice” prepared by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In addition, in the case that it is necessary to disclose “insider information” to a relevant person who has the duty to perform necessary works for the Company; for examples, the legal advisor who has the duty to provide advice on the entering into transactions, or credit rating agency (CRA) and etc., the relevant directors, executives, staff members, and employees of the Company (and its subsidiaries) shall ensure that such receiving persons are aware of their duties. In addition, a system is put in place for maintaining confidentiality to prevent any use of such information or disclosing such information to any other person.

In this regard, the “Handling Confidential, Market-Sensitive Information: Principles of Good Practice” prepared by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission shall be applied.

The Company shall provide training on the Policy on the Use of Insider Information to the relevant directors, executives, staff members, and employees of the Company (and its subsidiaries) on an annual basis, in order to ensure that they have the right understanding and act in compliance with the SEC Act.

6. Considering that the Company holds shares in Jasmine Technology Solution Public Company Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, the executives, staff members, and employees of the Company who are responsible for the trading of securities of Jasmine Technology Solution Public Company Limited shall not:
- (1) send the securities purchase or sale order, or purchase or sell the securities of Jasmine Technology Solution Public Company Limited in a manner which results in the general public misunderstanding over the purchase price or sales volume of the securities of Jasmine Technology Solution Public Company Limited
 - (2) send the securities purchase or sales order, or purchase or sell the securities of Jasmine Technology Solution Public Company Limited in a continual manner with the intention of causing the purchase price or sales volume of the securities to deviate from the ordinary market conditions.
7. If the Company finds out that any relevant director, executive, staff member, and employee of the Company (and its subsidiaries) have violated this Policy on the Use of Insider Information, the Company shall deem that such violation constitutes a severe disciplinary offence, resulting in that person being removed from their position of director, executive, staff member, or employee of the Company (and its subsidiaries), i.e., termination of employment, removal, dismissal, etc.

3) Anti-corruption

In the fourth quarter of 2022, the Company became a member of “Thailand’s Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption (CAC)” and declared its intention and commitment to all forms of anti-corruption practices with the CAC. It has the Anti-Corruption Policy disclosed as a part of the “Corporate Governance Policy” on its website: https://jasmine.com/investor-relations/detail_sub/5/11.

In 2022, the Company organized a course on “the roles of the executives and the employees in anti-corruption” for the directors, the executives and the employees organization-wide to enhance a thorough understanding about the Company’s anti-corruption measures, and everyone’s duty and responsibility in anti-corruption as required by the Anti-Corruption Policy. Moreover, the Company has communicated its Anti-Corruption Policy to the trade counterparts, customers and external agencies for their acknowledgement and kind cooperation in complying with it.

4) Whistle Blowing and Notice of Complaint

The Company has whistleblowing or complaint handling measures in place for the report by employees or stakeholders who have witnessed or have had any evidences or suspicion of other employees’ or authorized persons’ involvement in bribery or corruption, dishonest or illegal act, violation of rules, regulations and policies of the Company, or non-compliance with the code of conduct of directors, executives and employees. A mechanism has also been established to protect and ensure fairness to the whistleblowers or the complainants. Whistle Blowing and Notice of Complaint can be done through the following channels:-

1. E-mail : ir-jas@jasmine.com
2. The Company’s website : www.jasmine.com/contact/whistleblowing
3. Telephone no. 0- 2100-3118-21
4. Registered postal mail to: Whistleblowing and complaint work unit, Jasmine International Public Company Limited, Jasmine International Tower, No.200, 29th Floor, Moo 4, Chaengwatana Road, Pakkred Sub-district, Pakkred District, Nonthaburi Province 11120
5. E-mail to Independent Director: vichit_yam@hotmail.com

In case the whistleblower/complainant wants to remain anonymous, he/she shall provide details of factual information or clear evidence sufficiently to lead to the reasonable belief that there is an involvement in bribery or corruption. All the relevant information will be kept by the Company in confidentiality with the safety of the whistleblower/complainant taken into account and without disclosure unless required by law.

In the previous year, none of the whistle blowing and notice of complaint was made to the Company.

8.2 Report on the Performance of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee in the Past Year

8.2.1 Number of the Audit Committee's Meetings and the Meeting Attendance of Each Audit Committee

In 2022, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee held 4 meetings to consider various issues under the scope of their authority and responsibilities, comprising the review of the process of preparing the financial reports of the Company and its subsidiaries, the evaluation of the adequacy of the internal control and internal audit systems and the review of the disclosure of the information on connected transactions of the Company. At the meetings, the Committee, together with the management and the internal auditors, jointly considered, discussed and exchanged the opinions on the conclusion of the audit results; the evaluation on the internal audit system and the overall quality of financial reports of the Company to enhance corporate governance efficiency, in compliance with the practice guidelines set forth by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The results of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee's meetings were reported for the acknowledgment of the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

The record of meeting attendance of each Audit and Corporate Governance Committee is as follows:-

Director's Name-Surname		Position	Number of Meeting Attendance
1. Dr. Vichit	Yamboonruang	Independent Director, Chairman of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee	4/4
2. Dr. Ronnachit	Mahattanapreut	Independent Director, Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee	4/4
3. Mrs. Chantra	Purnariksha	Independent Director, Member of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee	4/4

8.2.2 Performances of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee independently carried out its duties in accordance with the scope of authority and responsibilities approved by the Board of Directors and as required by the Charter of Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, in line with the stipulations and practice guidelines set forth by the SEC and the SET in reviewing the Company's compliance with the principles of good corporate governance, overseeing the risk management and the internal control systems to ensure the adequacy thereof, aside from supervising internal auditing for the utmost efficiency and effectiveness. In parallel with the above, the Audit and Corporate Governance

Committee also oversaw the financial reporting and other works of the Company to be in compliance with the applicable laws and relevant rules and regulations as well as supporting compliance with the anti-corruption practice guidelines to enhance transparency across the organization. For detailed performances of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, please see Enclosure 6.

8.3 Summary of the Performances of the Other Subcommittees in the Past Year

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee

In 2022, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee totally held 2 meetings. The record of meeting attendance of each Remuneration and Nomination Committee is as follows:-

Director's Name-Surname		Position	Number of Meeting Attendance
1. Dr. Ronnachit	Mahattanapreut	Independent Director and Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee	2/2
2. Mr. Pleumjai	Sinarkorn	Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee	2/2
3. Mr. Somboon	Patcharasopak	Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee	2/2

Performances of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

In 2022, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee arranged the meetings to consider the issues that were within the scope of their duties and responsibilities, as summarized below:-

- Determining the remuneration, the gratuities and other benefits for the Board of Directors and the subcommittees of the Company by taking into consideration the Company's operating results, the duties and the responsibilities of each committee, to be in such an appropriate rate that was comparable to the market rate and the companies of the same industry and in an amount that was much enough to create incentives to retain the qualified directors with the Company;
- Recruiting, selecting and nominating the persons to replace the Directors who were due to retire from office by rotation.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee accordingly reported its meeting resolutions to the Board of Directors on a regular basis. In 2022, the Committee had worked with full efforts, prudence, transparency and independence to accomplish the tasks as assigned by the Board of Directors for the optimum benefit of the Company and the shareholders and also to be in line with the principles of good corporate governance as required by the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development

In 2022, the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development totally held 4 meetings. The record of the meeting attendance of each Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development is as follows:-

Director's Name-Surname		Position	Number of Meeting Attendance
1. Dr. Vichit	Yamboonruang	Independent Director, Chairman of the Committee of Risk Management for sustainable Development	4/4
2. Mrs. Chantra	Purnariksha	Independent Director, Member of the Committee of Risk Management for sustainable Development	4/4
3. Mr. Somboon	Patcharasopak	Member of the Committee of Risk Management for sustainable Development	4/4
4. Mr. Yordchai	Asawathongchai*	Member and Secretary to the Committee of Risk Management for sustainable Development	4/4

Remarks * The Company registered his resignation with the Ministry of Commerce on 4 January 2023

Performances of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development

The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development places high value on sustainable risk management that covers all the core businesses of JAS Group, aiming at enhancing the entire business segments to achieve their established goals by way of drawing up the risk management framework and reviewing it to be appropriate for handling risks despite changing of circumstances to lower its impacts on both the Company and its businesses. The tasks carried out by the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development in 2022 are as follows:

- 1) Risk assessment: The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development assessed five areas of risk, namely strategy, corporate governance, human resources, operation, and finance, by setting up a risk management plan and drawing up guidelines to properly curb such risks to be at an acceptable level or minimize chances of future risks without any effect on business operation. To this regard, the risk management appropriately stayed in synch with the strategic plans and the changing circumstances.
- 2) Risk management: The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development, as a representative of all the business segments of JAS Group, managed risks under the established risk management framework and policy, drawing up the risk control or mitigation measures to minimize the potential loss to an acceptable level or to reduce chances of future risks. Risk management results were reported for proper monitoring and followed up; hence ensuring the Company's systematic and efficient risk management.
- 3) Risk management oversight: The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development quarterly held its meeting in order to administer and manage the risk management plan under the yearly-determined risk management policy and framework to make certain that the risk management was carried out in line with the risk control guideline and strategy of JAS Group. The report of the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development was prepared and submitted to the Board of Directors every quarter for acknowledgement and recommendations.
- 4) Building of risk management awareness and understanding among the employees: The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development encouraged the Company's employees at all levels across the organization to continually take part in risk management. Therefore, each department was assigned to conduct risk assessment and draw up its own risk management guideline which would further be defined as corporate risks and developed into preventive and internal control measures. This cooperative approach is beneficial to the Company, the employees and the management as it will further lead to operational efficiency and effectiveness.
- 5) Setting of the policy and the goals of work as regards sustainability development : The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development set the policy and the goals of work as regards sustainability

development and also drew up the overall sustainability development plans of the entire JAS Group to be in line with the Sustainable Development Policy and JAS Group's business strategic plans. They also oversaw the sustainability development work and accordingly monitored sustainability development performance against the indicators, provided recommendations for the development or the review of the policies that were related to sustainable development and reviewed and updated the Charter and the Policy to align with sustainable development objectives as assigned by the Board of Directors.

Considering from the above activities, the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development is of the opinion that in the previous year, the Company had in place the risk management system that could adequately monitor the management of the key risks of JAS Group and was appropriate for the business operation. Risk management was implemented continuously and in alignment with the changing circumstances. The Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development regularly held the meeting on a quarterly basis; thus, resulting in effective risk management and efficient control of the key risks to be at an acceptable level, further enhancing the Company's achievement of the established operational plans and goals.

The Executive Committee

In 2022, The Executive Committee totally held 6 meetings. The record of the meeting attendance of each Executive Committee of the Company is as follows:-

Director's Name-Surname		Position	Number of Meetings Attendance
1. Mr.Somboon	Patcharasopak	Member of the Executive Committee	6/6
2. Mr.Subhoj	Sunyabhisithkul	Member of the Executive Committee	6/6
3. Mr.Yordchai	Asawathongchai*	Member and Secretary to the Executive Committee	6/6

Remarks * The Company registered his resignation with the Ministry of Commerce on 4 January 2023

Performances of the Executive Committee

For the year 2022, the Executive Committee performed its duty in supervising corporate policies, business directions and strategic directions of the Company. It also followed up the Company's operating results, drew up appropriate investment policies not only for the Company, but also the subsidiaries; determined future business operations and considered approving normal business transactions of not exceeding Bt 1,000 mn for the benefit of business administration and operation; the achievement of the Company's operational goals, as specified in the policies, established by the Board of Directors.

9. Internal Control and Related Party Transactions

9.1 Internal Control

The Board of Directors has assigned the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee to assist it in reviewing and evaluating the adequacy of the internal control system, the accuracy of both the financial reporting and the connected transactions to prevent conflicts of interests in addition to overseeing the Company's compliance with the relevant rules and regulations and the applicable laws. The Office of Internal Audit is entrusted with the task of auditing the work of all the work units of the Company based on the annual audit work plan, approved by the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee.

9.1.1 Adequacy and Appropriateness of Internal Control System

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has reviewed and evaluated the adequacy and the appropriateness of the Company's internal control system to ensure its alignment with the principles of good corporate governance, based on (1) the guidelines as defined by the SEC in its Internal Control Adequacy Evaluation Form; (2) the report of the Office of Internal Audit on audit findings, monitoring and follow-up of compliance with internal auditors' recommendations of the work units; (3) the report prepared by relevant external auditor; and (4) material information as derived from the discussions made with the management personnel as regards risk management. At the Board of Directors' meeting No. 3/2023, convened on 24 March 2023, the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee reported the results of the internal control adequacy review and evaluation for the year 2022, that covered all the 5 major areas of control as follows:-

1) Control Environment

The Company has supported the fostering of organizational environment that reflects a good, efficient and effective internal control that is in alignment with the principles of good corporate governance and business ethics. In order to achieve its goals and further enhance sustainable success accordingly, the Company has arranged its organizational structure to be appropriate and has in place the administration and activities as detailed below.

- 1.1) The Company has the Policy on Corporate Governance and the practice guideline thereof together with Business Ethics established in writing and communicated them to the directors, the executives and the employees for acknowledgement and compliance via the Company website www.jasmine.com. In addition, the Company has communicated its Anti-Corruption Policy to the trade counterparts, customers and relevant external agencies to emphasize its adherence to transparency and honesty in business operation.
- 1.2) The Company has the Board of Directors that is composed of qualified persons who specialize in different fields of knowledge and have diverse skill and expertise, whose duty is to supervise the Company's business operation to proceed with efficiency, without being influenced by the Management. It also has the subcommittees established to assist the Board of Directors in overseeing the management's performances in internal control, good corporate governance, risk management, nomination of directors and determination of directors' remuneration. The subcommittees shall report the results of their performances to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis.

- 1.3) The Company has set up corporate structure and chain of command; and also has in place business objectives, goals, visions, missions, policies and strategies as determined by the Board of Directors. The review of the business plans and annual budget is required on a regular basis to enhance the management efficiency and the capability to supervise the operations of JAS Group to be in the same directions with clear segregation of duties and responsibilities that would help intensify the check and balance of work among the departments within the organization and with the Office of Internal Audit, working independently to audit their performances.
- 1.4) The Company has encouraged and supported the employees toward professionalism; therefore, it regularly arranges a variety of practical courses to increase the knowledge, skills and efficiency as required by current positions of the personnel that would further well enhance the growth in their career paths via the in-house trainings; in addition, it supports the personnel's taking of courses and trainings as well as their attendance in seminars, arranged by external agencies.
- 1.5) The Company has clearly put into writing duties and responsibilities of its personnel and put in place clear processes of performance appraisal. Both are taken into consideration for fairness in determining the personnel's remuneration. Performances and competencies of personnel at all levels – directors, executives and employees—shall be evaluated and the supervisors who evaluate them are expected to be able to provide the explanation for their evaluation in a positive manner so as to enhance creative improvements in personnel's performance accordingly.

2) Risk Assessment

The Company realizes the importance of risk management and the preparation for any circumstances that may take place due to changes that affect its business operation; therefore, the Board of Directors has established the Committee of Risk Management for Sustainable Development to oversee and support the risk management work, systematically organization-wide with the management guidelines as detailed below.

- 2.1) Establishing a risk management policy, with clear objectives, to be used as a guideline to manage risks that might impact the Company's operations;
- 2.2) Setting the risk management plan that covers every area of risks across the organization, be it risk pertaining to strategy, governance, operation, finance or human resources so as to mitigate them to an acceptable level. The review of these plans as well as the monitoring of the risk management according to the plans shall be done on a regular basis;
- 2.3) Establishing the Anti-Corruption Policy and setting the measure of whistle blowing/complaint lodging as regards illegal acts, the violation of rules and regulations of the Company; and conducting assessment of risks that may lead to frauds or improper conducts by way of determining areas of control and drawing preventive measures for weaknesses found in any work process in which fraud is likely to occur. The executives and the employees of the Company are required to be aware of and give importance to the Anti-Corruption Policy and relevant control measures and comply with them as a duty.
- 2.4) Assessing changes in significant risk factors, both internal and external, that might affect the Company's business operations and accordingly reviewing the risk management measures to be always efficient for coping with such changes in time.

3) Control Activities

The Company's business operation has been conducted under a good and efficient control system. Oversight procedures are put in place as detailed below to ensure that the businesses invested by the Company according to its corporate structure would be operated in line with the policies, practice guidelines and strategic directions.

- 3.1) The Company has in place written policies and work manuals that cover the procedures in its work systems and accordingly updates them to keep up with current business operation, on a regular basis. It also has the approval authority of the executives clearly defined according to their levels.
- 3.2) The Company has organized control activities and set forth the practice guidelines for information system usage, placing emphases on the segregation of duties, the control of the personnel's information access according to their levels of position, the formulation of measures to prevent cyber-attacks of any form, be it penetration, destruction, information hacking; and the provision of information storage system that facilitates traceability. It also has a policy on information security that requires strict compliance of the personnel at all levels.
- 3.3) The Company has drawn up measures to control and monitor its operations to be in line with applicable laws, relevant rules and regulations. Whenever the Company enters into a transaction with its major shareholders, directors, executives or any person related to them; the regulatory department, is responsible for the follow-up and the monitoring of that particular transaction to be in accordance with the Company's approval processes. The Company shall report its related party transactions and transactions with a connected person accordingly to the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board of Directors.

4) Information and Communication

The Company has developed its information system to be efficient, secured and in alignment with laws that are related to information systems for every work process across the organization. It also places importance on quality information and communication as a tool for complete, correct and timely decision making of the Management. Thus, the following activities are in place to strengthen its control in information and communication.

- 4.1) The holding of the Executive Committee meetings to monitor and update the operation progress of the Company and its subsidiaries on a regular basis. To this regard, the Committee shall be provided with sufficient necessary information for their consideration and decision-making.
- 4.2) The regular reporting of material information to the Board of Directors and the right granted to them for an access to any necessary information of the Company. As regards the meetings of the Board of Directors and the subcommittees, the meeting invitation letters and the supporting documents shall be delivered to the Board of Directors and the members of the subcommittees prior to the meeting date as required by law. The opinions and the remarks provided at the meetings by the Board of Directors or the members of the subcommittees shall be completely recorded in the minutes of the meetings that shall be well kept according to the Company's document filing control system.
- 4.3) The arrangement for the Company to have its own communication channels, comprising direct communication from the Management to the employees and the communication of news or messages through the Company's intranet, electronic mails and line groups. The Company has also provided safe channels for external stakeholders who wish to notify the Company of their suspicions of corrupt acts or misconducts within the organization to lodge whistleblowings to the Company without worries.

5) Monitoring Activities

- 5.1) The Company's internal control has been accordingly monitored and evaluated. To this regard, both the head and the executives of each work unit do have awareness on their responsibility to monitor their work to be consistent with the work plans and the objectives thereof. Furthermore, the self-assessment is required to be done every year to ensure the adequacy of internal control systems. The efficiency of internal control of each work unit is also required to be reviewed and evaluated by internal auditors according to the annual audit plan and the results thereof are reported to the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee who shall report them further to the Board of Directors, on a regular basis.
- 5.2) In the event that the audit findings reveal significant weaknesses of internal control system, relevant management shall conduct analyses to find out the causes of such weakness and accordingly assign a staff member to be in charge of solving each timely. Also, in the event that the audit findings reveal a case that causes a huge amount of damage and impairs the Company's reputation or the violation of laws as well as the non-compliance with significant control measures and the issues that may be proved as fraud-related, etc; the Office of Internal Audit shall report the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee immediately. Then, the Office of Internal Audit or other relevant work units (as the case may be) shall be assigned to follow up the cases and update the progress of the case-handling to the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee until the problem-solving is completely done.

9.1.2 Weaknesses in Internal Control Systems

The Company does not have any significant weakness in the internal control system.

9.1.3 Opinion of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee on the Internal Control System of the Company

Please see details in Enclosure 6.

9.1.4 Opinion of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee on the Head of the Office of Internal Audit

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has appointed Mrs. Nipaporn Rattanaramik the Head of the Office of Internal Audit due to her more-than-ten-years' experience in internal audit work and the businesses of the similar nature as the Company's businesses. Mrs. Nipaporn Rattanaramik has a thorough understanding in the activities as well as the operations of the Company; moreover, she has been accordingly trained through several practical courses on internal audit. The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee is of the opinion that with the qualifications as stated above, Mrs. Nipaporn Rattanaramik shall be able to assist them in internal audit oversight adequately and appropriately.

9.1.5 Appointment, Removal and Transfer of the Head of the Office of Internal Audit

The Charter of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee stipulates that, the appointment, the removal, the transfer, the promotion and the termination of the Head of the Office of Internal Audit as well as the heads of

other departments that are responsible for internal audit must be approved by the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee under the scope of authority as prescribed in the Charter of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee that is reviewed on a yearly basis. Please see Enclosure 3 for the qualifications of the Head of the Office of Internal Audit.

9.2 Related Party Transactions

The Company has the related party transactions as defined in the Notification of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The business transactions in the year 2022 were all in compliance with the terms and the conditions in the contracts entered into between the Company, its subsidiaries and associate companies for normal business practice (as referred to in Item 7 of Notes to the Financial Statements for the year 2022). Comparative information on related party transactions of the past 3 years is posted for the shareholders' convenience on the Company's website : www.jasmine.com/investor-relations/form-56-1. As for the 2022 related party transactions of the Company are as follows:-

9.2.1 The sale of products and services, including the provision of other services of the Company and the subsidiaries to the connected persons

Connected Person	Relationship	Nature of Related Party Transaction	Amount (Million Baht)
Group of Connected Companies comprises: 1. Mono Next PCL. 2. Mono Cyber Co., Ltd. 3. Mono Production Co., Ltd. 4. Mono Broadcast Co., Ltd. 5. Mono Shopping Co., Ltd.	1) Mr. Pete Bodharamik is a major shareholder of the Group of Connected Companies 2) Mr. Pete Bodharamik is a major shareholder of JAS, holding 54.65% (as at 25 July 2022)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TTTI entered into a service agreement for the provision of high-speed internet, service fees of which were specified as per the speed of the system. JasTel entered into the System Lease Agreement. JTS sold equipment - 	3 1 1
JASIF	JAS holds 19% of the total investment units	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TTTBB entered into the OFCs Maintenance Agreement with JASIF. 	413

The purchase of products and devices from; and the payment of lease fees and other services of the Company and its subsidiaries to the connected persons

Connected Person	Relationship	Nature of Related Party Transaction	Amount (Million Baht)
Group of Connected Companies comprises: 1. Mono Next PCL. 2. Mono Broadcast Co., Ltd. 3. Mono Streaming Co., Ltd. 4. Pin Vestment Co., Ltd.	1) Mr. Pete Bodharamik is a major shareholder of the Group of Connected Companies 2) Mr. Pete Bodharamik is a major shareholder of JAS, holding 54.65% (as at 25 July 2022)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> JSTC made use of online movie streaming service and the permission for the rights to broadcast TV programs. TTTBB used related advertising and media services. JTS leased the land and buildings 	466 29 19
JASIF	JAS holds 19% of the total investment units	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TTTBB entered into the Lease Agreement of the Optical Fiber Cable with JASIF. 	8,618

9.2.2 Necessities and Reasonableness of the Entering into Related Party Transaction

The Company has carried out each related party transaction according to its procedures for the reasonableness of the transaction itself and also for the optimum benefits of the Company. The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee had reviewed the prices or the ratios of the related party transactions with the relevant personnel and the internal auditors of the Company and was of the opinion that those prices were reasonable and they were accurately disclosed in the financial statements. The Company has its own approval procedures for related party transactions which are similar to the procedures of its general procurement. To this regard, the Company's executives or the shareholders have neither the interest nor the approval authority with respect to related party transactions.

9.2.3 Appraisal Value for Related Party Transactions

The Company has disclosed the appraisal of value together with the appraisal value of its assets in Enclosure 4.